

2023-2024 Jackson County Schools 6th Grade Science Pacing Guide

1st Quarter

Clouds Water Cycle Air Masses Storms-Tornadoes, Hurricanes, Thunderstorms

Prerequisite Skills: Scientific Method and Engineering Design Method.

Standard 12- Proficiency Scale

Integrate qualitative scientific and technical information (e.g., weather maps; diagrams; other visualizations, including radar and computer simulations) to support the claim that motions and complex interactions of air masses result in changes in weather conditions. a. Use various instruments (e.g., thermometers, barometers, anemometers, wet bulbs) to monitor local weather and examine weather patterns to predict various weather events, especially the impact of severe weather (e.g., fronts, hurricanes, tornadoes, blizzards, ice storms, droughts).

Standard 7- Proficiency Scale

Use models to construct explanations of the various biogeochemical cycles of Earth (e.g., water, carbon, nitrogen) and the flow of energy that drives these processes.

Human Impact on Environment

Standard 14- Proficiency Scale

Analyze and interpret data (e.g., tables, graphs, maps of global and regional temperatures; atmospheric levels of gases such as carbon dioxide and methane; rates of human activities) to describe how various human activities (e.g., use of fossil fuels, creation of urban heat islands, agricultural practices) and natural processes (e.g., solar radiation, greenhouse effect, volcanic activity) may cause changes in local and global temperatures over time.

The Greenhouse Effect Layers of the Atmosphere

Standard 16- Implement scientific principles to design processes for monitoring and minimizing human impact on the environment (e.g., water usage, including withdrawal of water from streams and aquifers or construction of dams and levees; land usage, including urban development, agriculture, or removal of wetlands; pollution of air, water, and land).*

The Greenhouse Effect Layers of the Atmosphere

Standard 15- Proficiency Scale

Analyze evidence (e.g., databases on human populations, rates of consumption of food and other natural resources) to explain how changes in human population, per capita consumption of natural resources, and other human activities (e.g., land use, resource development, water and air pollution, urbanization) affect Earth's systems.

Resources:

AMSTI Formative Assessments (Q1)
AMSTI Assessment Info
ACAP Resources

2nd Quarter

Continental Drift/Layers of the Earth

Pangaea Continental Drift

Standard 11- Develop and use models of Earth's interior composition to illustrate the resulting magnetic field (e.g., magnetic poles) and to explain its measurable effects (e.g., protection from cosmic radiation).

Sea Floor Spreading

Standard 5- Proficiency Scale

Use evidence to explain how different geologic processes shape Earth's history over widely varying scales of space and time (e.g., chemical and physical erosion; tectonic plate processes; volcanic eruptions; meteor impacts; regional geographical features, including Alabama fault lines, Rickwood Caverns, and Wetumpka Impact.

Standard 4- Construct explanations from geologic evidence (e.g., change or extinction of living organisms; field evidence or representations, including models of geologic cross-sections; sedimentary layering) to identify patterns of Earth's major historical events (e.g., formation of mountain chains and ocean basins, significant volcanic eruptions, fossilization, folding, faulting, igneous intrusion, erosion).

Standard 6- Provide evidence from data of the distribution of fossils and rocks, continental shapes, and seafloor structures to explain past plate motions.

Stress Crust Changes (Volcanoes, Earthquakes)

Standard 9- Proficiency Scale

Use models to explain how the flow of Earth's internal energy drives a cycling of matter between Earth's surface and deep interior causing plate movements (e.g., mid-ocean ridges, ocean trenches, volcanoes, earthquakes, mountains, rift valleys, volcanic islands).

Rock Cycle

Rock Cycle Weathering

Standard 8- Proficiency Scale

Plan and carry out investigations that demonstrate the chemical and physical processes that form rocks and cycle Earth's materials (e.g., processes of crystallization, heating and cooling, weathering, deformation, and sedimentation).

Standard 10- Use research-based evidence to propose a scientific explanation regarding how the distribution of Earth's resources such as minerals, fossil fuels, and groundwater are the result of ongoing geoscience processes (e.g., past volcanic and hydrothermal activity, burial of organic sediments, active weathering of rock).

Resources:

AMSTI Formative Assessments (Q2)

AMSTI Assessment Info

ACAP Resources

3rd Quarter

Solar System

Scale Model of the Solar System

Standard 3- Develop and use models to determine scale properties of objects in the solar system (e.g., scale model representing sizes and distances of the sun, Earth, moon system based on a one-meter diameter sun).

Gravity and Movement of Celestial Bodies

Standard 2- Proficiency Scale

Construct models and use simulations (e.g., diagrams of the relationship between Earth and man-made satellites, rocket launch, International Space Station, elliptical orbits, black holes, life cycles of stars, orbital periods of objects within the solar system, astronomical units and light years) to explain the role of gravity in affecting the motions of celestial bodies (e.g., planets, moons, comets, asteroids, meteors) within galaxies and the solar system.

Resources:

AMSTI Formative Assessments (Q3)
AMSTI Assessment Info
ACAP Resources

4th Quarter

Sun, Earth, Moon

Features of the Earth, Sun, and Moon

Standard 13- Proficiency Scale

Use models (e.g., diagrams, maps, globes, digital representations) to explain how the rotation of Earth and unequal heating of its surface create patterns of atmospheric and oceanic circulation that determine regional climates.

Standard 13a- Use experiments to investigate how energy from the sun is distributed between Earth's surface and its atmosphere by convection and radiation (e.g., warmer water in a pan rising as cooler water sinks, warming one's hands by a campfire).

Seasons Tides Revolution/Rotation Phases of the Moon

Standard 1- Proficiency Scale

Create and manipulate models (e.g., physical, graphical, conceptual) to explain the occurrences of day/night cycles, length of year, seasons, tides, eclipses, and lunar phases based on patterns of the observed motions of celestial bodies.

Resources:

AMSTI Formative Assessments (Q4)
AMSTI Assessment Info
ACAP Resources

AMSTI Kit Schedule:

Cycle 1: weather and climate Cycle 2: plate tectonics Cycle 3: planetary systems Cycle 4: sun earth and moon